# 2025 HURREVAC Training Webinar Series Day 1 – Introduction to HURREVAC

July 28, 2025





# **Attendee information**



# Registration

- You are automatically signed in when you join
- Registration is still open for Days 2-4

### **Audio**

- All attendees are muted
- If having audio issues, restart webinar or try watching link on a different device (laptop/desktop strongly recommended)

# **Live Transcription**

- Available in English and Spanish
- Opens in a separate browser window
- Links are in the chat window and reminder email from 1 hour ago

#### Downloadable handouts

- Today's slides
- HURREVAC Workspace Guide
- Also available from hurrevac.com in the Learning Resources section



# **Attendee information**



# Questions

Submit in the question box

# Recording

- Will be posted by tomorrow morning on our YouTube channel and the Learning Resources tab of hurrevac.com
- Available if you miss a session, or as a year-round resource

#### Feedback

- Daily survey launches after webinar
- Link also in follow-up email

### Certificate

- One for each day attended
- Emailed from GoToWebinar about one hour after conclusion
- If missing, check junk/spam first
- Certificates cannot be generated for groups, or makeup viewing on YouTube





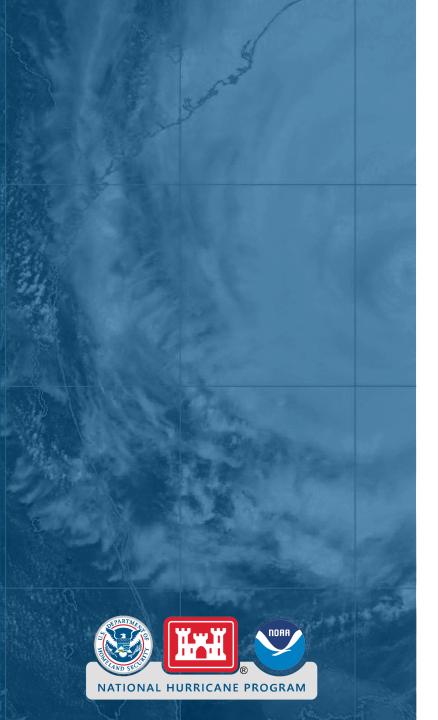
MON. JULY 28: Introduction to HURREVAC

**TUES. JULY 29: Wind Forecast Features** 

WED. JULY 30: Storm Surge and Flooding Hazards

**THURS. JULY 31**: Evacuation Timing Features

Registration is still open for Days 2, 3 & 4 at webinars.hurrevac.com



# **Today's Presenters**



# Michael Brennan, Ph.D.

Director of the National Hurricane Center

#### **Frannie Bui**

National Hurricane Program Co-Manager U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District

### **Karen Townsend**

President, Sea Island Software















# NOAA

National Weather Service

# 2025 Hurricane Seasonal Outlook and NHC Product Updates

Michael Brennan
Director, NWS National Hurricane Center
HURREVAC Webinar
July 28, 2025





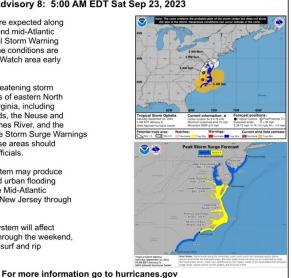


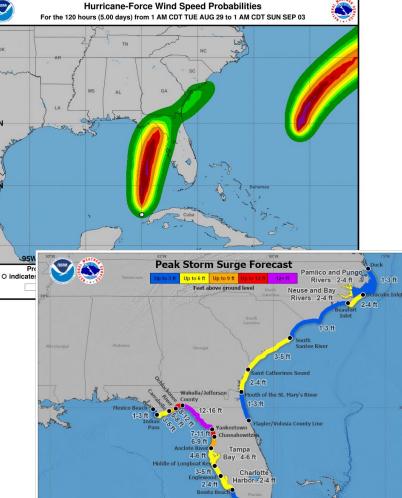
# **Challenge: Communicate the Hazards**

- **Emphasize** watches, warnings and hazard products
- Focus on risk communication, not category, storm status, or track of the storm center



- 3. Heavy rainfall from this system may produce locally considerable flash, and urban flooding impacts across portions of the Mid-Atlantic states from North Carolina to New Jersey through
- 4. Swells generated by this system will affect much of the U.S. east coast through the weekend, likely causing life-threatening surf and rip





level within the indicated areas. Elevated water levels will likely be accompanied by large and

range. Values shown on this graphic are inclusive of tide.

destructive waves. Colors are determined by the highest values in the associated forecast peak surge



Understanding WPC Excessive Rainfall Risk Categories				
No Area/Label	MARGINAL (MRGL)	SLIGHT (SLGT)	MODERATE (MDT)	HIGH (HIGH)
Flash floods are generally not expected.	Isolated flash floods possible	Scattered flash floods possible	Numerous flash floods likely	Widespread flash floods expected
www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov @NWSWPC	Localized and primarily affecting places that can experience rapid runoff with heavy rainfall.	Mainly localized. Most vulnerable are urban areas, roads, small streams and, washes. Isolated significant flash floods possible.	Numerous flash flooding events with significant events possible. Many streams may flood, potentially affecting larger rivers.	Severe, widespread flash flooding. Areas that don't normally experience flash flooding, could. Lives and property in greater danger.
Flash Flooding flooding near me?  Flash Flooding NO Flash Flooding	7 8 7 4 4	10.00		SSSS
WEATHER PREDICTION CENTER				







Wednesday August 30, 2023

Hurricane Idalia















# **Challenge: Short Lead Times**

The Nation's Strongest Hurricanes (150+ MPH) in the last 100 years were all Tropical Storms 3 days before landfall

**U.S. 150 mph+** 

1919 – Storm 2

1932 – Storm 2

**1935 – Labor Day** 

**1969 – Camille** 

1992 - Andrew

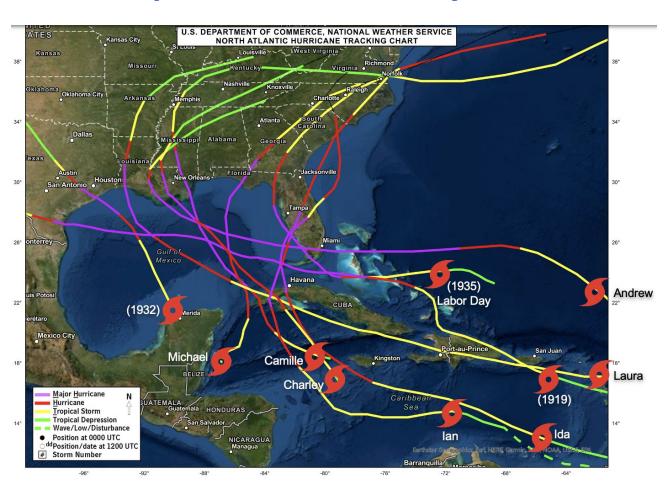
**2004 – Charley** 

**2018 – Michael** 

**2020 – Laura** 

2021 – Ida

2022 - lan



Average time to become a hurricane is 50 h before landfall







# Challenge: Stop Focusing on Models





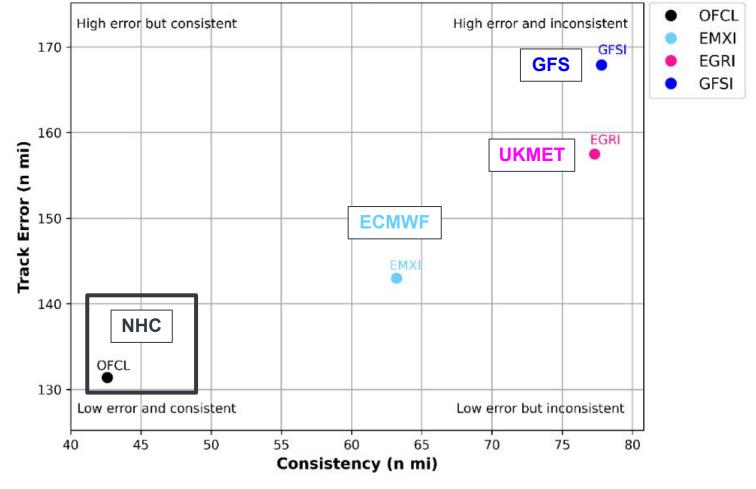






NHC's track forecasts have a lower average error and are more consistent than any individual model



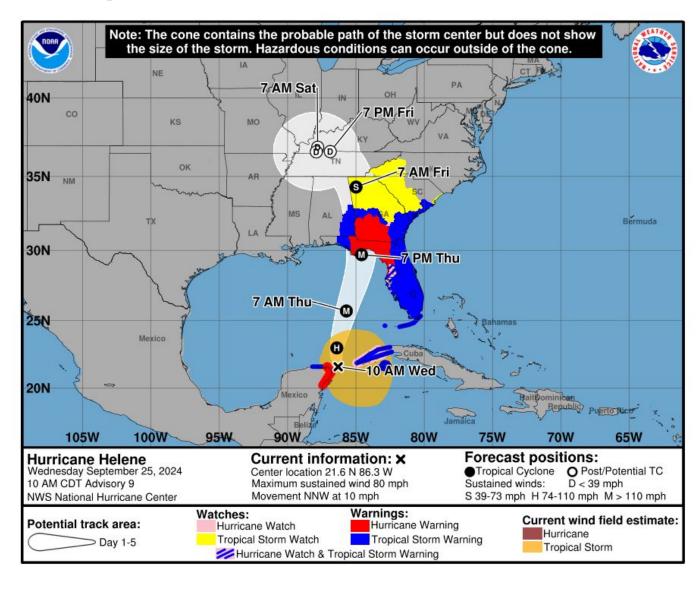






# **Depiction of Inland Warnings and Watches on the Cone**

- In 2024, NHC began issuing an experimental cone graphic that shows inland U.S. hurricane and tropical storm watches and warnings
  - Better highlights risk of coastal and inland wind impacts
- The experimental cone will be available again during the 2025 hurricane season
  - Only change from 2024:
     legend will show simultaneous
     Hurricane Watch and Tropical
     Storm Warning (pink/blue
     stripes)









# **Potential Tropical Cyclone Advisories**



- Since 2017, NHC has had the ability to issue forecasts, watches and warnings for systems that could bring hazards to land areas within 48 h
- Used numerous times (9 times in 2024), giving an average of 21 h of additional lead time on watch/warnings for those systems
- In 2025, NHC will be able to issue PTC advisories when there is high confidence in significant wind and surge impacts within 72 h

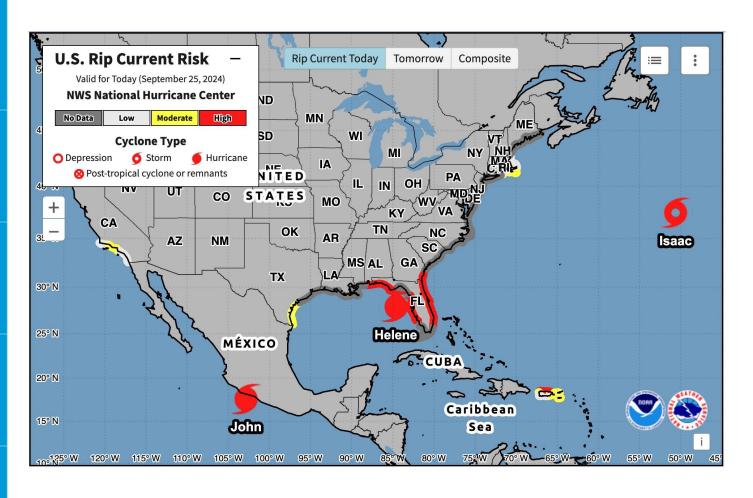








# **U.S. Rip Current Risk Viewer**



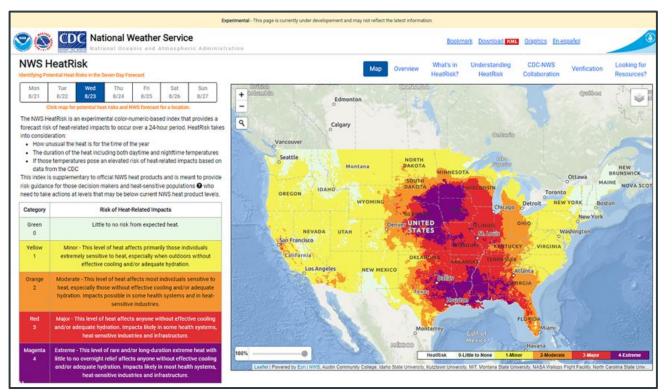
- Rip currents and surf are the 3<sup>rd</sup>-highest cause (11%) of direct U.S. fatalities from tropical cyclones
- Many rip current deaths occur from hurricanes that are well offshore
- In 2025, NHC will provide a rip current risk viewer during active tropical cyclones that mirrors rip current information provided by local NWS offices







# **Post-Storm Heat Risk**





- NHC and the Weather Prediction Center (WPC) are planning to highlight areas that are at risk of heat impacts after a storm due to power loss in NHC's Tropical Cyclone Public Advisory and Key Messages, when appropriate
- Considerations include:
  - Chance of strong, damaging winds (as a proxy for potential power loss)
  - Risk of heat-related impacts over the ensuing days (including use of NWS HeatRisk)







# **National Hurricane Program Partners**





U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE)

- National Program Managers
- District Office Study Managers



- National Program Managers
- Regional Program Managers
- Hurricane
   Liaison Team



- Hurricane
   Specialist Unit
- Technology and Science Branch

SERVICES -



**Operational Decision Support** 



Planning Support and Technical Assistance



**Hurricane Preparedness Training** 

# **National Hurricane Program Partners**



#### **FEMA**

HQ James Rogers (Acting NHP Manager) | Laura Evans LIASIONS TO NHC Michael Spagnolo | Vacant LIASION TO NWC Whitney Flynn LIASION TO WPC Kevin Kalbaugh

#### NATIONAL HURRICANE CENTER

Michael Brennan | Dan Brown | Cody Fritz | Robbie Berg

#### USACE

Frannie Bui | Tom Laczo



FEMA REGION 1
Colleen Bailey (Acting)
USACE DISTRICT
New England



FEMA REGION 2
Chris Moore | Josh Rapp
USACE DISTRICT
New York | Caribbean



FEMA REGION 3
Mike Bilder | Renee Hupp
USACE DISTRICT
Philadelphia | Norfolk



p Brandon Bolinski Rebecca Moulton USACE DISTRICT

Wilmington | Charleston Savannah | Jacksonville | Mobile



FEMA REGION 6
Arianne Thomas
USACE DISTRICT
New Orleans | Galveston



FEMA REGION 9 Vacant USACE DISTRICT Honolulu

# **National Hurricane Program**



## products



#### services





### What is HURREVAC?



**HURREVAC** (short for **Hurr**icane **Evac**uation) is the NHP's free storm tracking and decision support tool for government emergency managers.

The software combines:



Real-time official forecast information from NOAA/NHC



Storm surge modeling



Data from Hurricane Evacuation Studies (HES)

The main goal is to help emergency managers make **informed evacuation and response decisions** based on the *timing* and *potential severity* of storm hazards.



# Who uses HURREVAC?



- Restricted to government emergency management use
- Thousands of registered users in federal, state, tribal, territorial and local governments
- During major hurricanes, HURREVAC scales up to let thousands of users track the storm simultaneously







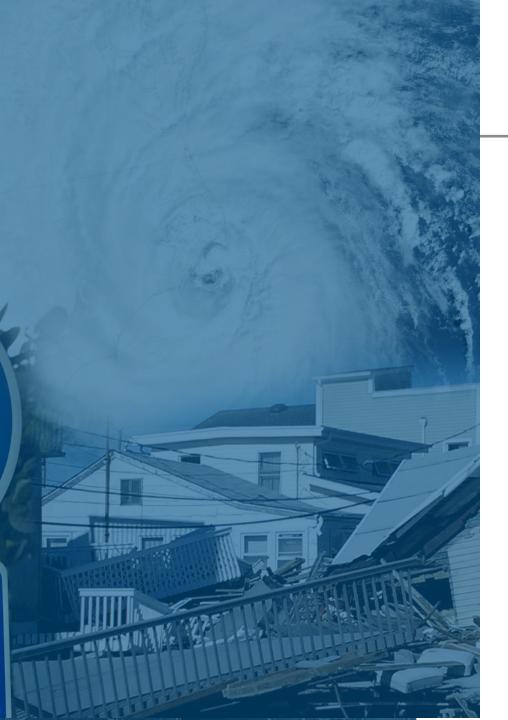
# **HURREVAC Use Cases**



A resource for emergency managers during planning and operations.

# **Planning Support:**

- Develop simulated storms
- Understand storm surge risk
- Evaluate decision timelines
- Access Hurricane Evacuation Studies
- Consider scenarios to support planning, training, and exercises



# **HURREVAC Use Cases**

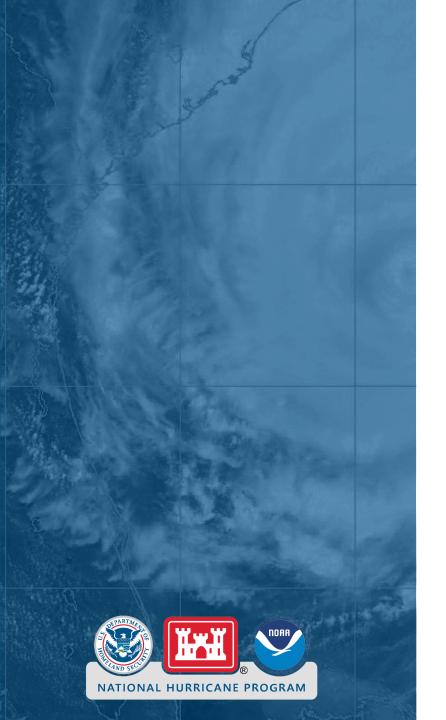


A resource for emergency managers during planning and operations.

# **Operational Support:**

- View Tropical Weather Outlook
- Monitor storms and track forecasts
- Assess wind speed probabilities
- Estimate arrival and departure of tropical storm force winds
- Understand storm surge risk
- Support evacuation decision making
- Develop decision timelines









# **Goals for Today**

- 1. Access and navigate the workspace
- 2. Find essential storm information
- 3. Customize the map and other settings
- 4. Set up points of interest (POI)
- 5. Create a situation report with annotated tracking map and text-based information



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